

Michael KLINGBEIL

Signals

for string quartet, piano and electronic sounds

Notes

Strings:

strings should always play with a normal vibrato unless otherwise indicated



3/4 tones flat, 1/4 tone flat, 1/4 tone sharp, 3/4 tones sharp

SP

sul ponticello

MSP

molto sul ponticello (sound is primarily overtones)

ST

sul tasto

PN

position normale



increase bow pressure creating a scratch tone or “crushed” sound



cancel scratch tone — resume normal bowing

Piano:

Use of the damper pedal is indicated with . The pedal should remain down until the sign or until the next mark.

Electronics:

The pianist plays a keyboard which triggers various electronic sound events throughout the piece. The keyboard should be placed above the piano keys in place of the music rack (a substitute music rack will be required). **Only the bottom staff** of the keyboard part indicates the keys to be struck in order to trigger the electronic events. These keys serve as triggers only. There is no direct control over the duration of these events. Balance is maintained at the mixing console.

The top staff of the keyboard part sometimes indicates prominent pitches heard in the electronics. These are not to be played.

The electronics are configured to be played with a standard chromatic keyboard with a minimum of 61 keys ranging from C2 through C7.

The bottom keys from C2 through B5 (C4 = middle C) serve as event triggers.

The top key (C7) stops all sound.

C6 through B6 are used to change the configuration and load in the correct set of sounds for each section of the piece. Even though they produce no sound, the player must strike these keys at the appropriate point in the score. During rehearsal, these keys can be used to assure that the correct sounds are available during each section of the piece. For quick reference, the current key is always indicated at the beginning of each system of the keyboard staff.

Signals

for string quartet, piano and electronic sounds

Michael KLINGBEIL

A

$\frac{4}{4}$ $\text{♩} = 60$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$

Violin I

Violin II

Viola

Cello

Keyboard {

Piano {

$\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

9

Vn. I

Vn. II

Vla.

Vc.

Kbd. {

16

5
4

Vn. I *pp* *mf* *n*

Vn. II *mp* *n*

Vla. *mf* *#mf* *n*

Vc. *pp* *mf* *n*

3
4

5
4

3
4

Kbd.

C6 009

010 011 012



22

Vn. I

Vn. II

Vla.

Vc.

Kbd.

5
4

4
4

2
4

5
4

4
4

C6 013 014 015 016

3 4 4 2 4 4

28

Vn. I
Vn. II
Vla.
Vc.

Kbd. { C6

017 018 018



5 4 4 2 4 4

35

Vn. I
Vn. II
Vla.
Vc.

Kbd. { C6 019 020 021 022 023

mf > p pp mf pp p
mf p vib. normale n mp p
senza vib. n mp p n pp

-4

42

2 **4** **5** **B** **4** **5** **4**

Vn. I *f* *cutoff with elec.* *n* *mp* *f*

Vn. II *f* *n* *mp* *p*

Vla. *f* *n* *mp*

Vc. *f* *MSP* *PN* *pn* *mf* *pp*

Kbd. { **C6** 024 025 026 027 028 029 030 031



49

3 **4** **3** **4** **2**

Vn. I *n* *p* *n* *p* *mf* *espressivo*

Vn. II *pp* *f > p* *> pp* *> n* *mf p* *n* *mf*

Vla. *SP* *PN* *f > pp* *p < mf* *n* *mf* *n* *mf*

Vc. *mp* *mf > pp* *p < > p* *mp* *n*

Kbd. { **C6** 032 033 034 035 036

55

4 3 4 3 4 3

Vn. I
Vn. II
Vla.
Vc.

Kbd. { C6 037 038 039 040 041

5 2 3 4 5 4 C

61

Vn. I
Vn. II
Vla.
Vc.

Kbd. { C6 042 043 044 045 C6 046 047

4

66

Vn. I

Vn. II

Vla.

Vc.

Kbd.

C \sharp 6 048 049 050 051

5

4

4

2

70

Vn. I

Vn. II

Vla.

Vc.

Kbd.

C \sharp 6 052 053

Pno.

diminuendo

11

Red.

5 4 3 4

81

Vn. I Vn. II Vla. Vc.

Kbd. Pno.

C \sharp 6

056 057 058 059

***** **Rédo.**

3 4 4 4 3 4 2 4

88

Vn. I Vn. II Vla. Vc.

Kbd. Pno.

C \sharp 6

060 061 062 063 064

***** **Rédo.** **Rédo.** **Rédo.** **Rédo.**